RE+ BUSiness

Integrating and validating practical entrepreneurship skills in engineering and ICT studies



How to run a successful project





Branko Vučijak Almeria, May 9 2019









STARTING THE PROJECT

So you won the project, CONGRATULATIONS!!!



- And now what?
- Be aware that:
 - Only you have to know all about your project, and you have to show that to all partners and get their confidence
 - Partners will rarely get deep into the project content, you have to lead them









STARTING THE PROJECT



Be aware that:

- More experienced partners have several projects simultaneously, and thus do not have time to promptly respond
- Less experienced partners have only your project with the team, but for lack of experience are not able to promptly respond
- Some persons (team members) are much more focused to travel and staff payments than to their work results



- Most of the engaged staff want to use travel for meetings also for cultural and networking purposes, how to get them active at these meetings?
- All people have prejudice, that includes pre-assumptions on how the Erasmus+ CBHE works and these are very often completely wrong
- All of these should be addressed already from the kick-off meeting





4



KICK-OFF MEETING

Prepare all presentations with KISS principle well in advance



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REBUS WP on Project management









Steering Committee and Advisory Board

- Steering Committee (SC) as the collective management body
- Each partner will be represented by one SC member, members of the SC are named by partner organizations according to their internal rules
- The representative can be replaced by written notice to the project management by the body that has done the naming or by the legal representative of the partner organization
- SC chaired by the LP representative, SC elects a vice chairman









Steering Committee and Advisory Board

- SC face-to-face meetings approx. every 6 months
- Online meetings every two months between the two consecutive f2f meetings
- The SC Chairman will call SC meetings at least one month before the meeting date, while the meeting agenda will be sent to all SC members at least one week ahead of the meeting
- SC responsible for monitoring of the project implementation and for deciding on any eventually needed substantial project changes
- Regular project management related internal communication procedure adopted at the first SC meeting, so as monitoring principles with key performance indicators selected
- Working groups to deal with specific project tasks (WPs)
- Advisory Board WP Leaders









Progress and final project report

- Project envisages two technical reports preparation and delivery to EACEA, progress and final project report
- Individual financial reports prepared by all partners will be consolidated by LP (based on instructions on costs eligibility and recording and reporting needs as given by the guidelines and presented at kic-off)
- The interim progress report at April 2018, will synthesize the achieved results of all WPs
- The final report is due at the end of the project
- Medium: PDF document









PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT

- Mandatory, template provided by EACEA
- To be submitted to the Agency within 6 months of the signature of grant contract (Signed by the legal rep.)
- Joint (one doc signed by all partners) or Bilateral (partner A + coordinating inst.)
- Template available to be adapted to specific needs of partnership
- Comprehensive: covering all aspects of the project:
 - The partners role and responsibilities;
 - Financial Management;
 - Project Management;
 - Project Quality Assurance;
 - Student issues;
 - Decision/Conflict resolution mechanisms.











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REBUS PROJECT COMMUNICATIONS – INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL

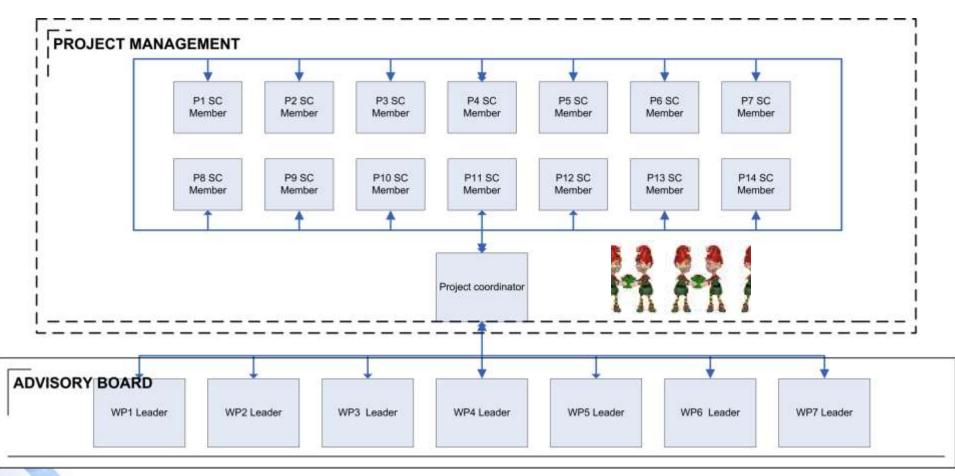








PROJECT MANAGEMENT COMMUNICATIONS



DE + AT + BA partners



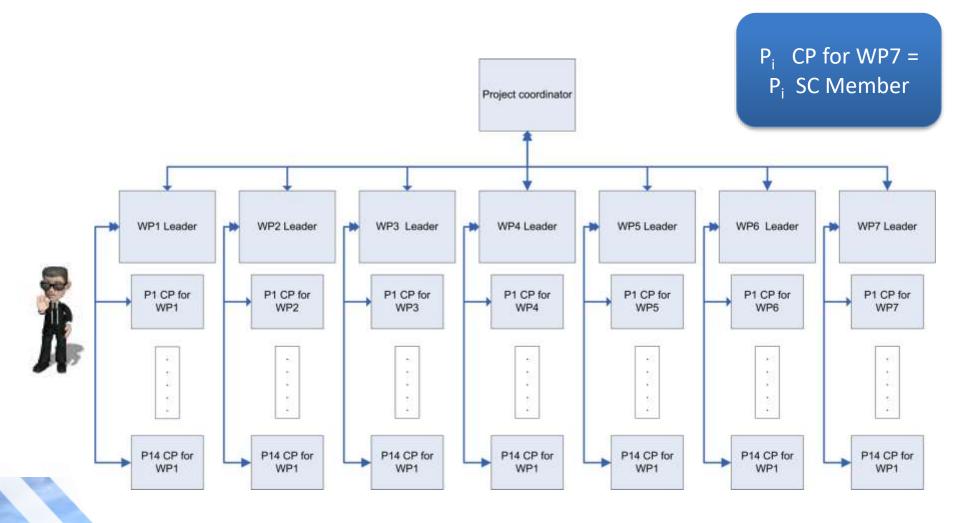








WPs IMPLEMENTATION COMMUNICATIONS





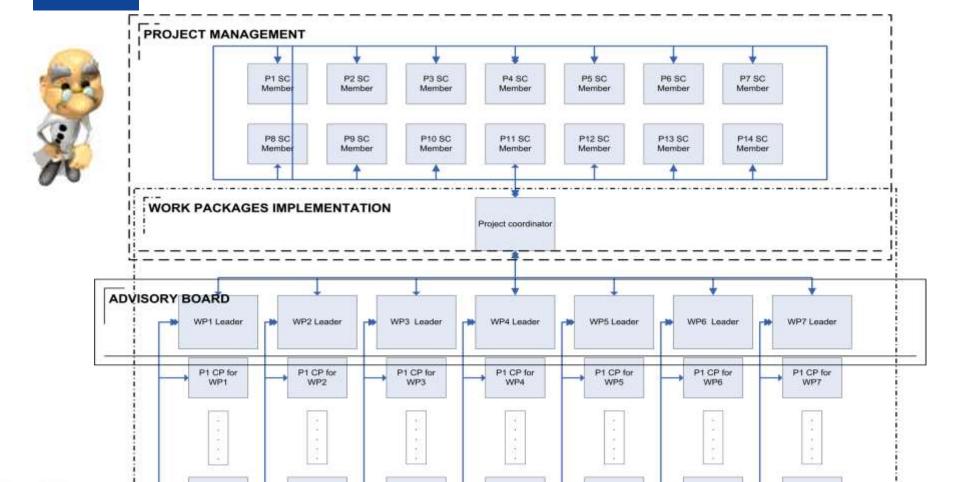








ALL PROJECT COMMUNICATIONS





P14 CP for

WP1

P14 CP for



P14 CP for

P14 CP for



P14 CP for

WP1

P14 CP for

WP1

P14 CP for



	WP: WP7 (STERRING COMITTEE)		RRING COMITTEE)
	Partners	WP7 CP (=SC member)	E-mail
P1	Mechanical Engineering Faculty University of Sarajevo, FBiH / UNSA	Branko Vucijak	vucijak@mef.unsa.ba
P2	dieBerater / dB	Holger Bienzle	h.bienzle@dieberater.com
Р3	University FH Joanneum Gesellschaft M.B.H / FH JOANNEUM	Lilian Todter	lilian.todter2@fh-joanneum.at
P4	Blended learning institutions' cooperative - blinc eG	Tim Scholze	tscholze@bupnet.de
P5	University of Duisburg Essen / UDE	Esther Winther	esther.winther@uni-due.de; winthe
P6	University of Palermo / UNIPA	Biagio Lenzitti	biagio.lenzitti@unipa.it
P7	Mechanical Engineering Faculty University of East Sarajevo, RS / UES	Goran Orasanin	goranorasanin@yahoo.com
P8	European University of Tirana / UET	Ketrina Cabiri	ketrina.cabiri@uet.edu.al
Р9	University of Elbasan "Aleksander Xhuvani" / UEAXH	Altin Idrizi	altin.idrizi@uniel.edu.al; altinidrizi@
P10	Universum College Prishtinë / UC	Uran Rraci	uran.rraci@universum-ks.org
P11	"Kadri Zeka" University in Gjilan / KZUG	Xhevdet Thaqi	xhevdet.thaqi@uni-gjilan.net
P12	Mechanical Engineering Faculty University of Montenegro, Podgorica / UOM	Jelena Jovanovic	sjelena@t-com.me
P13	Volga State University of Technology / Volga Tech	Eldar Alikramovic Kurbanov	kurbanovea@volgatech.net
P14	Siberian State University of Telecommunications and Informatics / SIBSUTIS	Boris Krouk	krouk@sibsutis.ru

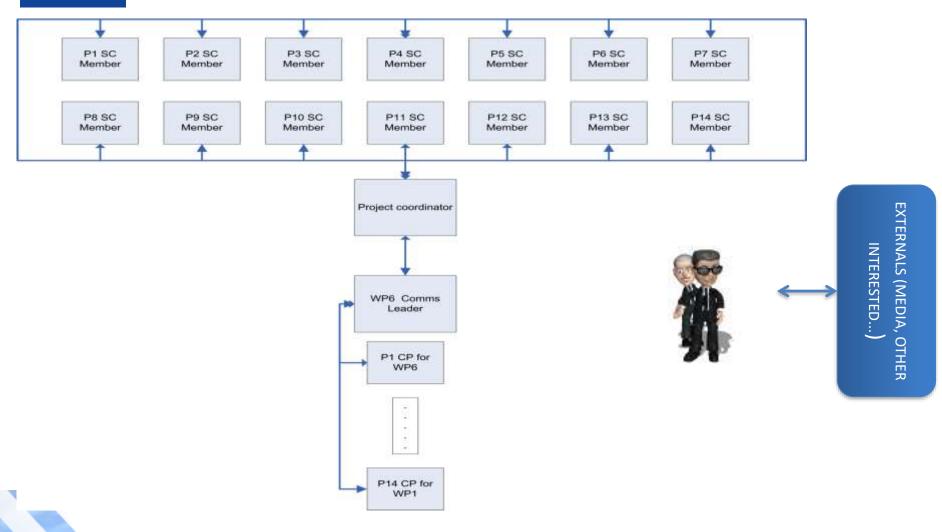








EXTERNAL COMMUNICATIONS







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REBUS Financial management and reporting









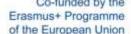


Enlightening explanation!!



Erasmus+ office BiH message, March 2018:

- Project coordinator has similar role to partners as EACEA to all consortium:
- Project coordinator is NOT responsible for other partners, they are
- Project coordinator is NOT justifying partners' costs, they are responsible for that
- Partners are responsible to be familiar with all rules, all have access to guidelines
- Partners and not the Project might be asked to pay back some money for unjustified costs

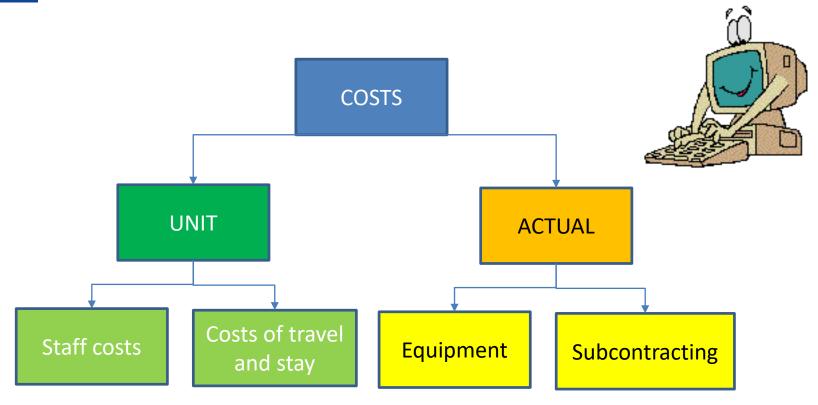








Financial Management











Project Budget Calculation & Reporting

5 Budget Categories



2 Allocation & **Justification Methods**

Staff

UC

Travel

UC

Costs of Stay

UC

Equipment

AC

Subcontracting AC

Actual Costs (AC)

Unit Costs (UC)

Other types of costs

(ex.: overheads costs, etc.) are not considered for the calculation of the grant.



Expected to be by co-funding

covered











Justification of the costs

Actual costs: How did you use the grant?

- Expenses (/costs) incurred
- Supporting documents=proof of expenses (invoices, proof of payment et)

Unit costs: what did you achieve with the grant?

- Result-based (/based on proof of activity)
- No need to prove the real expenditure
- > But need to prove the "triggering event" (i.e.: the fact the activity has taken place (e.g. teaching, training)









Supporting documents for Actual Costs

Budget Headings	Supporting documents	
Equipment	 Invoices Bank statements Tendering procedure: 3 quotations from different suppliers for expenses exceeding 25.000€ 	
Sub- contracting	 Subcontracts Invoices Bank statements Tendering procedure: 3 quotations from different suppliers for expenses exceeding 25.000€ 	

For details: See Guidelines for the Use of the Grant









Supporting documents for Unit Costs

Budget Headings	Supporting documents	
Staff	 Formal employment contract Staff convention Time sheets Agendas Attendance / Participant lists Tangible outputs/products 	
Travel and Costs of Stay Individual Travel Report (ITR) Invoices, receipts, boarding passes Agendas Attendance / Participant lists Tangible outputs/products		









Staff cost (3.3.1.1)

- Defined in EACEA Guidelines for the Use of the Grant on pages 29 to 31
- This cost is payed to all beneficiaries when they are performing tasks which are directly necessary to the achievement of the project objectives.











 Universities / institutions are project partners, not the employees – when partners report travel or staff costs it relates to university / institution representative

• Thus EACEA does not care whose travel is funded by the project, who is co-financed, what is the ticket cost, hotel level, do you want internally to share some travel costs ... or anything similar, that is all partner's (university) internal matter.











- For travel costs, real costs of the accommodation (hotel cost or airplane tickets) does not matter at all, and partners are NOT REPORTING these actual costs
- If a staff member arrived to any meeting or training, even if used some free transport or is sleeping and dining at the cousin, he/she is entitled to unit costs based on justified number of days spent in total (e.g. 5 days for the meeting if arrived on Wednesday and depart on Sunday, not 6 or 7!)
- That money is justified for the university / institution, how it actually reimburses the person that travelled is not to be reported to REBUS
- The overall budgets from the accepted budget file of the submitted application predicted number of trips and travellers, partners will justify that money only if the university representative travelled to the destinations











- The same principle is applied to staff costs –reporting number of days worked, **NOT REPORTING actual payments** to persons – still any example of payment proof is needed (with any or hidden amount)
- All questions on real payments to these people, with or without VAT or other taxes, do not matter
- Reporting 100 days worked for WPs in some period means only that the person worked that many days for the project
- What amount of money is actually paid to these persons relates to internal rules, with country legal obligations, reported work days are approved if related deliverables are provided with high quality, based on unit fee per country
- This way partners will justify payments for that number of days to the university / institution, actual payments to these people is the internal rule



REMINDER

- Partnership Agrement, and later addendums, defined partners' budgets
- These budgets need to be justified, with documents presented in former slides, and aditionally all electronic documents has also to be provided as certified copies
- Amounts not justified will not be paid to partners, or they will have even to pay back the difference
- Project is co-financed by EACEA thus **even if partner** report more costs than own budget is, they should not expect to get that difference, it is their own cofinancing part







FOR AUDIT PURPOSES

With Original documents: All own financial documents

以 Certified copies:

- ## Employment contracts or certificates of employments
- 點 All Timesheets and Joint Declarations, for all the staff
- 點 Examples of payments to the staff engaged
- 器 All *Individual Travel Reports* for staff and students **WITH** all accompanying documents
- All equipment procurement documents (including tender, offers, selection document, contract, payment proof and other)
- 點 Proofs that the equipment is recorded in accounting books











TO DO AFTER ANY MEETING

- Scan and send supporting documents for costs of travel and stay (for the last meeting) withthe completed ITR in the next 7 days to vucijak@mef.unsa.ba
- Fill in time sheets regularly month by month, fill in and sign the Joint declaration for all these months, and send both for all staff to vucijak@mef.unsa.ba

Important note:

Please keep your own original documents for 5 years after project is over







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REBUS WP on Dissemination and exploitation of the project results







Development of project visual identity and project promotional instruments

- Includes creation of WP core team and preparation of communication guidelines for partners
- Project logo
- The main deliverables
 - Guidelines for partners
 - Project visual identity (project logo, uniform templates for internal and external project communication)



- Creation of REBUS web-page (<u>www.rebusproject.net</u>)
- Promotion of the project via social networks
- Publishing and distributing project brochures (ENG + local) and newsletters









Dissemination Strategy (DS)



- Background analysis and definition of goals in order to anchor methodology of the DS with outreach agenda
- Outreach agenda, aiming delivering key messages to critical audiences, will represent the core part
- Will focus to defined goals and respective timeline, building targeted communications around









National Info days

- National info days for each of participating partner countries with pilots presentations will be organized
- Partner countries local languages









Interim and final report on dissemination and exploitation

- The interim evaluation report on the dissemination and exploitation produced at the project half time
- It synthesise the results of all dissemination and exploitation activities
- The final evaluation report is due at the end of the project
- Medium: PDF document







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REBUS WP on Quality Assurance









INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL QUALITY ASSURANCE

Internal Quality Assurance:

- > Follow up of meetings and trainings
- Monitoring of activities and achieved milestones and deliverables, PDCA methodology used to ensure that activities are in line with the project objectives
- > Gantt chart periodically adjusted
- Internal peer review of the quality of the REBUS SC and online meetings, trainings and products

External Evaluation:

- > Alumni and representatives from businesses
- Subcontracting for External Evaluation for the (product and) impact evaluation











WHY EVALUATE REBUS?

To enable learning at personal, professional and organisational level



Formative aspect

To give the coordinator and partners recommendations how to improve the project and its outcomes

Summative aspect

To assess the achievements and shortcomings of the project and its outcomes in order to ensure accountability and learn for the future.

To lay the foundations for sustainability of project results



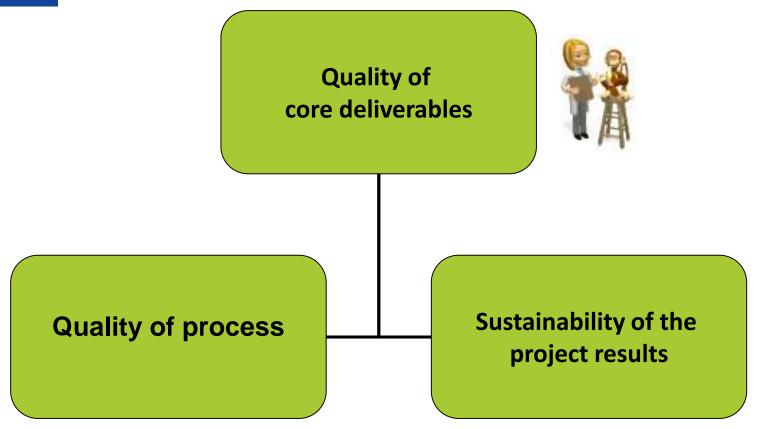




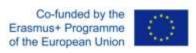




WHAT TO EVALUATE IN REBUS?











QUALITY OF CORE DELIVERABLES

Four levels:



- ❖ Coordinator (C): The Coordinator takes overall responsibility for managing the project and monitoring its progress towards the set objectives.
- ❖ Work Package Leaders (WPL): The WPL verifies the deliverables he/she is responsible for at set milestones
- ❖ Target Groups (TG): Students and HE teachers are asked to give feedback on the quality of deliverables in the piloting
- ❖ External Evaluators (EE): External evaluators will be appointed to assess the quality, appropriateness and adequacy of the core deliverables









SC MEETING EVALUATION EXAMPLE



What did you appreciate most during the project meeting?









planned



SUSTAINABILITY - EU DEFINITIONS

Sustainability is the capacity of the project to continue and use its results beyond the end of the funding period. The project results can then be used and exploited in the longer-term, perhaps via commercialisation, accreditation or mainstreaming. Not all parts of the project or results may be sustainable and it is important to view dissemination and exploitation as a progression that extends beyond the duration of the project, and into the future. (Erasmus+ Programme Guide)



Exploitation means to **use and benefit from something**. For Erasmus+ this means maximising the potential of the funded activities, so that the **results are used beyond the lifetime of the p**roject... supporting European policies in the field of education, training, youth and sport. Results should be developed in such a way that they can be **tailored to the needs of others**; **transferred to new areas**; **sustained** after the funding period has finished; or used to **influence future policy and practice**.

(Erasmus+ Programme Guide)









SUSTAINABILITY

To enhance the sustainability potential of REBUS through taking on a new perspective on project sustainability which:

Goes beyond the 'dissemination and exploitation' approaches typical for EU funding programmes



- Focuses on organisational development aspects
- Foresees systemic interventions at the level of the project, the organisation and the external stakeholder environment
- Involves careful planning and evaluation of sustainability issues at all stages of the project life cycle





OBSTACLES TO SUSTAINABILITY, TO AVOID:

No staff resources in times of economic crisis

There are no common tools/methods. Everybody has their own way to work

Limited nature of a project vs permanent organisational activities

Difficult to integrate the project results/outputs as a part in the daily operations of an organisation

The project has not been originally planned as part of the normal operations of the organization in question.

It is always really difficult to predict the future and how the estimated results actually realize

Lack of planning

Project results are too far from organisations' everyday activities and goals

> When a project ends, the next projects starts

Quite often we try to reach too huge objectives and effect everything in one project











Conventional project design focuses on the **end of project status** (**EOPS**), which does not indicate whether conditions are favourable for continued benefit flows

Sustainability concerns suggest that the logical framework be modified to articulate and measure **beginning of sustainability status** (**BOSS**)

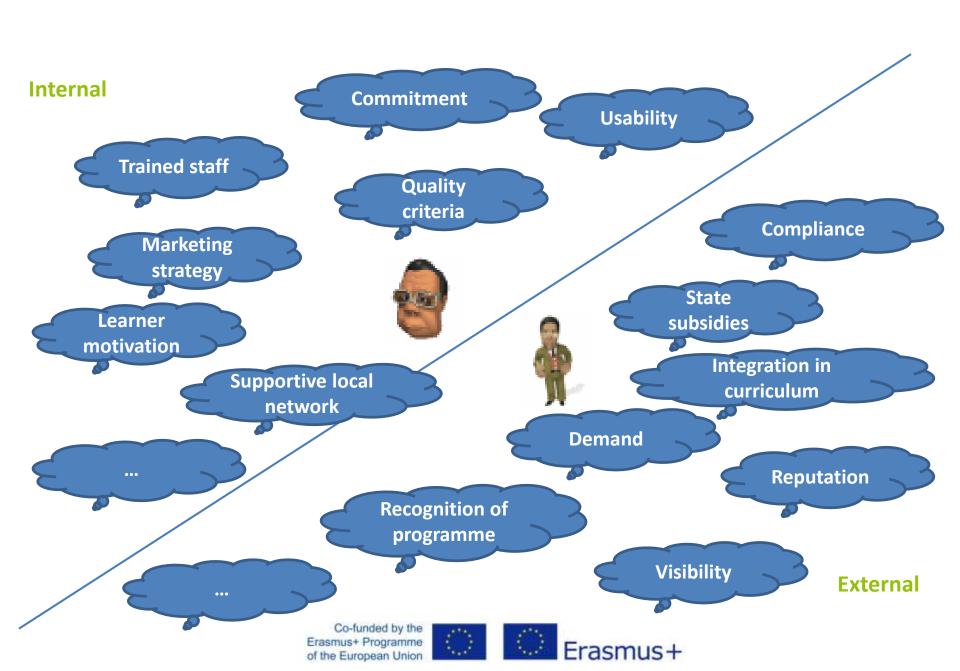
In other words, by project termination are the critical factors in place which are necessary prerequisites to sustainability?

Marcus Ingle (1994)











WHAT MOST PROJECTS EVALUATE

PROJECT OUTCOMES	CONCRETE ACTIVITIES
The changes that the project can bring about	Project tasks needed to achieve outcomes
EVALUATION ASPECTS	
Quality	Project management
Lance and the second	
Innovation	Progress made
Usability	Progress made Cooperation process
	3



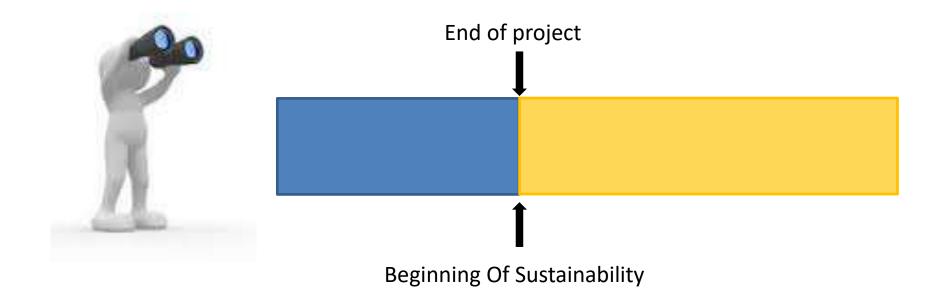
= Focus on project only







THE RIGHT PERSPECTIVE







REBUS deliverables / results - examples









EXAMPLES OF RESULTS

- Transnational Research Report
- Inventory of sub-competences
- Competences' Reference Systems, Competence framework
- Learning Objects and Modules:
 - Entrepreneurship learning modules
 - Module about Personal competences consisting of 3 Units
 - Module about Social competences consisting of 2 Units
 - Module about organisational competences consisting of 3 Units
 - Module about intercultural competences consisting of 5 Units
- Staff training and counselling









EXAMPLES OF RESULTS

- National pilots, with certificates for those students completing the learning project (new competences validation system in place)
- New courses/modules at nine non-EU universities
- Very effective Students' study visit to Essen, Graz and Palermo
- Quality evaluation strategy and reports









EXAMPLES OF RESULTS

- REBUS visibility:
 - project logo, templates for communication, REBUS web-page, promotion of the project via social networks, publishing and distributing project brochures and newsletters
 - Dissemination Strategy
 - More than 10 Conference papers, kind of partners of 2 conferences (Jahorina, Tirana)
 - National Info days yet to come
 - Project now presented on International Staff Week in Almeria !!! (as example for the CBHE project preparation and implementation)







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Thank you for being so patient!

Branko Vučijak

Mechanical Engineering Faculty of University of Sarajevo













